- Bacillus cereus lives in soil and can contaminate rice.
- Its spores can survive boiling and germinate when the cooked rice cools.

 Fortunately, most strains of the bacteria themselves seldom invade our organs but they produces toxins which cause nausea and

diarrhoea.

- Queensland Health:
- Illness associated with bacillus cereus may be underreported as very few of those affected seek medical attention owing to the mild nature and short duration of symptoms.
- For this reason there is little information on the prevalence and concentration of this pathogen in retail food products.

- Some strains of the bacterium can be dangerous so you need to see a doctor if you have become ill from eating re-heated rice.
- If you insist on preserving remaining cooked rice it must be chilled very quickly i.e. put in the refrigerator while it is still warm.

• This won't kill the spores but will prevent them from germinating and producing toxins.

Gram stained bacillus cereus:

- Queensland Health: A total of 1,263 retail food samples were examined for bacillus cereus.
- It was detected in the following food samples: uncooked pizza bases, cooked pizzas, cooked meat pies, cooked sausage rolls, processed meats, and raw diced chicken.



- From another site:
- Spores survive the cooking process and if the rice is cooled slowly (and left between 5°C and 60°C for a long time), these bacteria spores can germinate, grow and produce a toxin (poison) that causes vomiting.



- If you must cook rice in advance, do not cook more than you need at one time.
- Either keep cooked rice hot (above 60°C) or cool the rice as quickly as possible and store in a refrigerator below 5°C.
 - Rice cools quicker if removed from the hot container and divided into smaller, clean shallow containers less than 10cm deep.
 - Keep the containers separate, not stacked.
 - Alternatively, you can cool the rice in a colander under cold running water before storing in a refrigerator below 5°C.